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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

13 OCT 2004

Applicant's or agent's file reference 8426-1650PCT FOR FURTHER AC			FOR FURTHER AC		n of Transmittal of International camination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. International filing date (PCT/CA 03/00838 02.06.2003			International filing date (02.06.2003	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 06.06.2002	
International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC A61P27/06						
Applicant MERCK FROSST CANADA & CO. et al.						
1. Thi	This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.					
2. Thi	s REPO	ORT consists of a total of	of 6 sheets, including th	nis cover sheet.		
	☐ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).					
The	These annexes consist of a total of sheets.					
3. Thi	This report contains indications relating to the following items:					
ı	☑ Basis of the opinion					
- 11		Priority				
111	\boxtimes	Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to n	ovelty, inventive step	and industrial applicability	
IV		Lack of unity of inventi				
V	\boxtimes	Reasoned statement uncitations and explanations	under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) wi ions supporting such sta	ith regard to novelty, ir atement	nventive step or industrial applicability;	
VI		Certain documents cit	ed			
VII		Certain defects in the	international application	1		
. VII	VIII Certain observations on the international application					
·						
Date of submission of the demand				Date of completion of t	his report	
25.11.2003				19.08.2004		
		g address of the internation	nal	Authorized Officer	Justina Patentia	
preliminary examining authority: European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465			56 epmu d	Johnson, C Telephone No. +49 89	2399-8287	

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/CA 03/00838

I.	Basis	of	the	rep	ort
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Description, Pages						
	1-50)	as originally filed				
	Clai	ms, Numbers					
			as originally filed				
	1-26		• ,				
2.	With lang	n regard to the langu a Juage in which the inte	age, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ernational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.				
	The	se elements were ava	ailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:				
		the language of a tra	nslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).				
		the language of publi	cation of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).				
		the language of a tra Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	nslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).				
3.	 With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing: 						
		contained in the inter	national application in written form.				
		filed together with the	e international application in computer readable form.				
		furnished subsequen	itly to this Authority in written form.				
		furnished subsequen	itly to this Authority in computer readable form.				
		The statement that the in the international a	ne subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure pplication as filed has been furnished.				
		The statement that the listing has been furnitude.	ne information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence ished.				
4.	The	amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:				
		the description,	pages:				
		the claims,	Nos.:				
		the drawings,	sheets:				
5.		This report has been been considered to g	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).				
		(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to the report.)					
6.	Add	litional observations,	if necessary:				

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International application No.

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III. Non-establishment of c	pinion with regard to novelty	y, inventive step	and industrial applicability
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1.	The questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non-obvious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:					
		the entire international applicat	ion,			
	⊠	claims Nos. 1,10,17,20,21,23,2	24 (all	part)		
		because:				
		the said international application not require an international pre	on, or t elimina	he said clain ry examinatio	ns Nos. relate to the following subject matter which does on (specify):	
	the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. 1,10,17,20,21,23,24 (all part) are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):					
		see separate sheet				
	the claims, or said claims Nos. 1,10,17,20,21,23,24 (all part) are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed.					
		no international search report	has be	en establish	ed for the said claims Nos.	
2.	or a	A meaningful international preliminary examination cannot be carried out due to the failure of the nucleotide and or amino acid sequence listing to comply with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions:				
☐ the written form has not been furnished or does not comply with the Standard.					ot comply with the Standard.	
		the computer readable form ha	as not	been furnish	ed or does not comply with the Standard.	
۷.	Rea cita	asoned statement under Artic ations and explanations supp	le 35(orting	2) with rega such stater	rd to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; nent	
1.	Sta	tement				
	No	velty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-13,15-22 14,23-25	
	Inv	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-26	
	Ind	ustrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	17-26 Yes	
2	Cit	ations and explanations				

see separate sheet



Non-establishment of opinion III.

The term "prodrug" is not considered to fulfil the requirements of Articles 5 and 6 PCT. The search was therefore made based on the compounds of formula I, their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, enantiomers, diastereomers and mixtures thereof and the methods of use thereof. The following examination has been carried out for searched subject matter only.

Claims 1-16 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(i) PCT).

V. Reasoned statement

Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: WO-A-0224647 D2: WO-A-0242268 D3: WO-A-0038667 D4: WO-A-0038663

Novelty

D1 describes the use of compounds of formula (I) as i.a. neuroprotective agents (see Derwent abstract, subheading "Activity"). It is noted that the applicant disputes the fact that D1 does in fact disclose this use, as neither the English language abstract of the international publication pamphlet nor the "use" section of the Derwent abstract mention it. The applicant has not shown that the original Japanese language patent disclosure itself does not mention this use. There is thus no reason to doubt that the information contained in the Derwent abstract is correct. It is not unusual that the abstract of the international publication and that of Derwent differ somewhat in content, and it is common that the Derwent abstract contains more information. Formula (I) of D1 overlaps with present formula I. D1 is thus novelty-destroying for claims 14, and 23-25. Claims 14 and 23-25 therefore do not fulfil the requirements of Article 33(2) PCT.

The subject matter of D2 differs from that presently claimed because there is no difluoromethylene group adjacent to the hydroxymethylene group in the compounds of formula I. D3 and D4 do not relate to pyrrolidone derivatives.

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

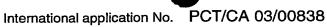
Inventive step

D3 describes compounds for use in the treatment of glaucoma or ocular hypertension. The technical problem underlying present claims 1-13, 20-22 is the provision of further methods and pharmaceutical compositions for treating glaucoma or ocular hypertension. D3 states that EP4 receptor agonists may be useful to lower intraocular pressure (p. 10, l. 6-10 - "potent and/or selective activation of the trabecular meshwork EP4 receptors might yield a more efficacious lowering of IOP"). The applicant has objected that D3 contains a clear indication that not all EP4 receptor agonists will have the utility. A passage in D3 confirming this statement has not been identified. It would therefore be obvious to attempt to solve the above-formulated technical problem, with a reasonable expectation of success, by replacing the EP4 agonists of D3 by other compounds known to be EP₄ agonists.

D1 presents compounds of formula (I) as being EP₄ agonists. Using compounds of D1 in a method of lowering intraocular pressure is therefore obvious in the light of D1 combined with D3. D3 also states that the EP4 agonists can be combined with further active ingredients such as beta-blockers (p. 4, l. 9-16). Claims 1-13, 20-22 therefore do not fulfil the requirements of Article 33(3) PCT.

D1 describes compounds as i.a. neuroprotective agents. The technical problem underlying present claims 14-16, 23-25 is the provision of further methods and pharmaceutical compositions for providing neuroprotection. Solving this problem by using compounds of D1 or their obvious alternatives does not require inventive skill. Claims 14-16, 23-24 therefore do not fulfil the requirements of Article 33(3) PCT.

The technical problem underlying present claims 17-19 is the provision of further EP₄ agonists. D1 may be considered the closest prior art. The present compounds differ from those of D1 because of the tetrazole group in place of e.g. a carboxyl group. D2 demonstrates the equivalence of tetrazole and carboxyl groups in compounds with EP4 agonist activity. It would thus be obvious to apply the teaching of D2 to the compounds of D1 and hence to arrive at the present subject matter. The applicant has argued that, based on the teachings of D1 and D2, one could move in numerous directions. However, the fact that there are many possibilities does not make the choice of a single, arbitrarily chosen possibility inventive. There is no indication that the choice is not arbitrary, i.e. that the chosen group of compounds has a particular activity not to be expected from the teaching



EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

of D1 or D2. Claims 17-26 thus do not fulfil the requirements of Article 33(3) PCT.

Industrial applicability

Claims 17-26 fulfil the requirements of Article 33(4) PCT.

No unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States for assessing whether present claims 1-16 are industrially applicable. The patentability can be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. For example, the EPO does not consider claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment to be industrially applicable, but allows claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.